

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for preparing a poly(trimethylene terephthalate) carpet, comprising the steps of:
  - (A) cabling poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns;
  - (B) heat-setting ~~twisted~~ cabled poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns with a density of 200 to 240 g/m by use of a Superba heat-setting device at a main tunnel temperature of 120 to 160°C and a band speed of 4 to 9 m/min;
  - (C) tufting heat-set poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns at 5 to 15 stitches/inch;
  - (D) beck-dyeing a tufted carpet without carriers by use of a disperse dye under conditions of atmospheric pressure and a dyeing temperature of 90 to 100°C;
  - (E) ~~becking~~ backing a dyed carpet; and
  - (F) shearing the resulting carpet.
2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein poly(trimethylene terephthalate) dope dyed yarns are used.
3. (Original) The method according to claims 1 or 2, wherein the cabling step is carried out by Z-twisting the yarns at 180 to 250 twists/m to a two-or three-ply cable.
4. (Canceled)
5. (Original) The method according to claims 1 or 2, further comprising the step of frieze processing before heat-setting.

6. (Original) The method according to claims 1 or 2, wherein a pile height ranges from 4 to 18 mm for a cut pile style carpet and from 2.5 to 15 mm for a loop pile style carpet.

7. (Original) The method according to claims 1 or 2, wherein the tufted carpet is dyed under conditions of OWF (an amount of an added dye based on the carpet) of 0.01 to 3 %, a liquid ratio of 10: 1 to 25: 1, and a dispersing agent of 0.25 to 1.0 g/l.

8. (Canceled)

9. (Currently Amended) The method according to claims 1 or 2, wherein said dyed carpet is coated with a latex composition consisting of base latex of 30 to 50%,  $\text{CaCO}_3$  of 50 to 70%, dispersing agent, and viscosity enhancing agent, followed by being adhered to a second foundation cloth in the step of ~~becking~~ backing.

10. (Original) The method according to claims 1 or 2, wherein the poly(trimethylene terephthalate) carpet is prepared from poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns spun through a nozzle having 40 or more holes with a Y-shaped cross section, a modification ratio of 1.5 to 3.5, and an arm angle of 5 to 40°.

11. (Canceled)

12. (New) A method for preparing a poly(trimethylene terephthalate) carpet, comprising the steps of:

(A) cabling poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns with an intermingle machine at 400 to 1000 m/min under an air pressure of 4 to 8 bars;

(B) tufting the cabled poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns at 5 to 15 stitches/inch;

(C) beck-dyeing a tufted carpet without carriers by use of a disperse dye under conditions of atmospheric pressure and a dyeing temperature of 90 to 100°C;

(D) backing a dyed carpet; and

(E) shearing the resulting carpet.

13. (New) The method according to claim 12, wherein poly(trimethylene terephthalate) dope dyed yarns are used.

14. (New) A method for preparing a poly(trimethylene terephthalate) carpet, comprising the steps of:

(A) cabling poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns;

(B) space dyeing the cabled poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns in a single color or in six or fewer colors with a multi color dyeing machine;

(C) heat-setting the dyed poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns with a density of 200 to 240 g/m by use of a Superba heat-setting device at a main tunnel temperature of 120 to 160°C and a band speed of 4 to 9 m/min;

(D) tufting heat-set poly(trimethylene terephthalate) yarns at 5 to 15 stitches/inch;

(E) backing a tufted carpet; and

(F) shearing the resulting carpet.

15. (New) The method according to claim 14, wherein poly(trimethylene terephthalate) dope dyed yarns are used.